

## Watershed Protection Program

Phone: (888) 846-0800 Fax: (858) 495-5263

## **Equine Facilities**

Stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Releasing pollutants directly or indirectly into the storm drain system or waterways is a violation of the County Watershed Protection Ordinance (WPO). Below is a list of BMPs that may be applicable to your business. This list is not all inclusive; refer to the WPO for further details. For more information call your inspector or the Stormwater Hotline at (888) 846-0800.

Horse facilities can prevent pollution by eliminating runoff of sediment and by properly managing wastes such as manure, urine, and soiled bedding. Waste and sediment have the potential to contaminate water due to biological and chemical properties that can be harmful to plants, animals, and people.

- <u>Nutrients</u> from horse feed, manure, or urine can runoff property and pollute local waterways. The health of aquatic ecosystems depends on the balance of oxygen and nutrients in the water. When even small amounts of organic matter, such as manure or bedding, enters waterways and decomposes the decaying matter releases nutrients into the water and can lead to an increase in bacteria and algae. These bacteria consume the oxygen in the water which can lead to a die-off of animals and create a "rotten egg" or sewer smell. By removing the organic matter, these conditions can be reserved, allowing the ecosystem to recover.
- <u>Bacteria and viruses</u> in manure can threaten the health of humans, horses, and wildlife. Fecal
  coliform and other bacteria travel downstream to our beaches causing beach closures and
  making swimmers sick.
- <u>Soil</u> erosion from your property can be accelerated by rain, wind and water runoff. When soil enters streams, it can reduce light, increase the water temperature and smother fish. Soil may contain heavy metals that can contaminate fish and make them unsafe to eat

## The WPO requires the following:

- 1. Manure from confined livestock, horses or other large animals, which could enter receiving waters or the stormwater conveyance system, must be cleaned up at least twice weekly. Manure may be composted or may be stored (for off-site disposal) in a manner that prevents contact with runoff.
- **2**. Areas used for composting manure must be located, configured or managed to prevent runoff to the stormwater conveyance system and receiving waters.
- **3**. Pet waste can not be allowed to enter the stormwater conveyance system or receiving waters. Clean up after your animals.
- **4.** Animal wash racks at equestrian facilities may not discharge to the stormwater conveyance system or receiving waters.

Information continued on reverse.





## Watershed Protection Program

Phone: (888) 846-0800 Fax: (858) 495-5263

**Horse Waste Management** includes cleaning up manure and soiled bedding on a regular basis, especially during wet weather. Other important BMPs include the following:

	Store manure on an impervious surface, such as concrete, and under a tarp to prevent runoff and
	leaching of pollutants into the ground.
	Locate your facilities and conduct activities, away from waterways, flood-prone areas and steep hillsides.
	Use grass ditches and berms to divert rain and stormwater run-on from contacting contaminants
	and carrying them offsite.
	Divert downspouts and drains, as well as water that has contacted manure and other pollutants to pervious vegetated areas that will absorb and filter runoff from roofs.
	Separate corrals, paddocks and manure storage areas from waterways by planting and
	maintaining vegetation between them and the waterways or conveyances. Vegetation slows water velocity, increases absorption, reduces runoff volume and helps filter out pollutants.
	Construct and maintain trails, arenas, roads and parking areas to minimize the discharge of sediment and petroleum products. Use dry clean up methods regularly in parking areas and onsite roads to remove dirt and other contaminants that could enter waterways.
	Learn more about water quality testing. Obtain a test kit to identify contaminants in water entering and leaving your property.
	Protect soil by planting and maintaining vegetation. Protect disturbed slopes from erosion.
	Contain and cover stockpiles of materials such as soils, fertilizer and potting material.
	Consider composting horse manure. Composting can be less costly than hauling it away and makes an excellent soil amendment. For recycling information please contact the County Recycling Program at (877) R-1 EARTH or (877) 713-2784. (Note: Some activities like composting may require additional permits.)
	For information on composting and zoning related issues, please call the Department of Planning and Land Use at (858) 565-5981 DPLU Phones are "open" M–F from 8:00am – 11:45am.
Inspect Your Business	
	Review the operations and procedures relating to protecting the stormwater conveyance system and receiving waters from pollutants at least annually. Maintain documentation of the annual review onsite.
	Inspect your business annually for stormwater and non-stormwater runoff. Ensure that all non-stormwater discharges are eliminated or captured for recycle, reuse, or proper disposal.
	Eliminate any illicit connections or illegal discharges to the storm drain system or receiving waters.
	Review your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and other related documents to ensure they are up to date. Update the plan to reflect any changes that have been implemented.
	All stormwater related documentation, including training records, SWPPP, annual facility self inspection, etc. shall be kept on-site. Provide documentation to the County inspector upon request.
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The Watershed Protection Ordinance may be found at <a href="www.sdcdpw.org/WPO">www.sdcdpw.org/WPO</a> Additional BMP information may be found at <a href="www.projectcleanwater.org/bmp">www.projectcleanwater.org/bmp</a>



Revised: July 2010